



JA-003-1016041

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) (W.I.F. 2016) Examination

August – 2019

Biotechnology : BT - 601

(Principles of Biote. Applied to Plant & Animals)

(New Course)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 1016041

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- 1 (A) Objective type questions : 4
- (i) Name the most common and routinely used growth medium in PTC
 - (ii) Who is regarded as father of plant tissue culture?
 - (iii) Auxin induce rooting in in vitro grown shoots. (True/False)
 - (iv) _____ process of sterilization involve use of flame for killing the microbes. (Fill in the blank)
- (B) Answer in brief : (any **one** out of two) 2
- (i) What do you understand by explant? Explain with suitable example.
 - (ii) Define callus and write its one application.
- (C) Answer in detail : (any **one** out of two) 3
- (i) Give details of any three important landmark discoveries took place in development of plant tissue culture
 - (ii) Explant sterilization
- (D) Write a note on : (any **one** out of two) 5
- (i) Major nutritional requirements in PTC medium
 - (ii) Role of PGRs under in vitro conditions.

- 2 (A) Objective type questions : 4
- (i) Generally _____ is used as explant to develop haploid plant through tissue culture.
(Fill in the blank)
 - (ii) _____ Enzyme is used in protoplast isolation.
(Fill in the blank)
 - (iii) Chemicals like _____ can be used to fuse the protoplast of two different species.
(Fill in the blank)
 - (iv) A cellular nucleus together with a plasma membrane containing a small amount of cytoplasm is termed as karyoplast. (True/False)
- (B) Answer in brief : (any **one** out of two) 2
- (i) Define and differentiate between symmetric and asymmetric hybridization.
 - (ii) Describe enzymatic method of protoplast isolation.
- (C) Answer in detail : (any **one** out of two) 3
- (i) Write any three strategies to select the true hybrids after fusion experiments.
 - (ii) Write major applications of synthetic seed technology.
- (D) Write a note on : (any **one** out of two) 5
- (i) Somaclonal variations
 - (ii) Anther and pollen culture
- 3 (A) Objective type questions : 4
- (i) *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* is the causal agent of crown gall disease in dicot plant. (True/False)
 - (ii) A _____ is an antibody that is produced by plants that have been genetically engineered with animal DNA encoding a specific human antibody known to neutralize a particular pathogen or toxin. (Fill in the blank)

- (iii) Enlist any two direct method of genetic transformation in plant
- (iv) t-DNA region of Ti plasmid contain genes for auxin and cytokinin production. (True/False)
- (B) Answer in brief : (any **one** out of two) **2**
- (i) Enlist the coding region presents on Ti plasmid and their main role.
- (ii) Describe microinjection method for transformation in brief.
- (C) Answer in detail : (any **one** out of two) **3**
- (i) Write short note on edible vaccines
- (ii) Give the brief description of the principle and methodology of production of BT cotton.
- (D) Write a detailed note on : (any **one** out of two) **5**
- (i) Application of plant tissue culture
- (ii) Bioreactor for cell culture techniques.
- 4 (A) Objective type questions : **4**
- (i) Write any one advantage of inverted microscope in animal cell culture.
- (ii) The concentration of CO₂ is maintained at _____ range in CO₂ incubator during culturing the animal cells.
- (iii) Write the role of glutamine in animal culture media.
- (iv) Collagenase is used for tissue disaggregation of old or tough tissues. (True/False)
- (B) Answer in brief : (any **one** out of two) **2**
- (i) Describe any two benefit of adding serum in animal cell culture medium.
- (ii) What is BSS. Write its two important role in cell culture.

- (C) Answer in detail : (any **one** out of two) **3**
- (i) Write the major six component of animal cell culture medium and with its role.
 - (ii) Write a note on synthetic media.
- (D) Write a note on : (any **one** out of two) **5**
- (i) Enzymatic and non-enzymatic disaggregation
 - (ii) Five major historical development in Animal cell culture.
- 5** (A) Objective type questions : **4**
- (i) Main purpose of trypsinization is to _____ in tissue culture. (Fill in the blank)
 - (ii) When a female produce multiple egg, the condition is termed as superovulation. (True/False)
 - (iii) When the DNA is encapsulated with lipid molecules for transformation in animal cell, the technique is called as _____ (Fill in the blank)
 - (iv) Write the function of t-PA.
- (B) Answer in brief : (any **one** out of two) **2**
- (i) Why viruses are considered to be important biological agent for animal cell transformation?
 - (ii) Brief note on secondary culture.
- (C) Answer in detail : (any **one** out of two) **3**
- (i) Write the need of in vitro fertilization.
 - (ii) Describe the cloning methods of cell line.
- (D) Write a note on : (any **one** out of two) **5**
- (i) Procedure of primary culture.
 - (ii) Application of transgenic animal.
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